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RA = risk assessment

BEV = battery electric vehicle

Risk Assessment: Introduction

☐ 2013: MLTSD launched project to put in place an integrated risk assessment methodology to:
identify risks to worker health and safety & work with employers and workers on reducing those risks
provide more information to employers, workers & their representatives about risks at the
SECTOR level

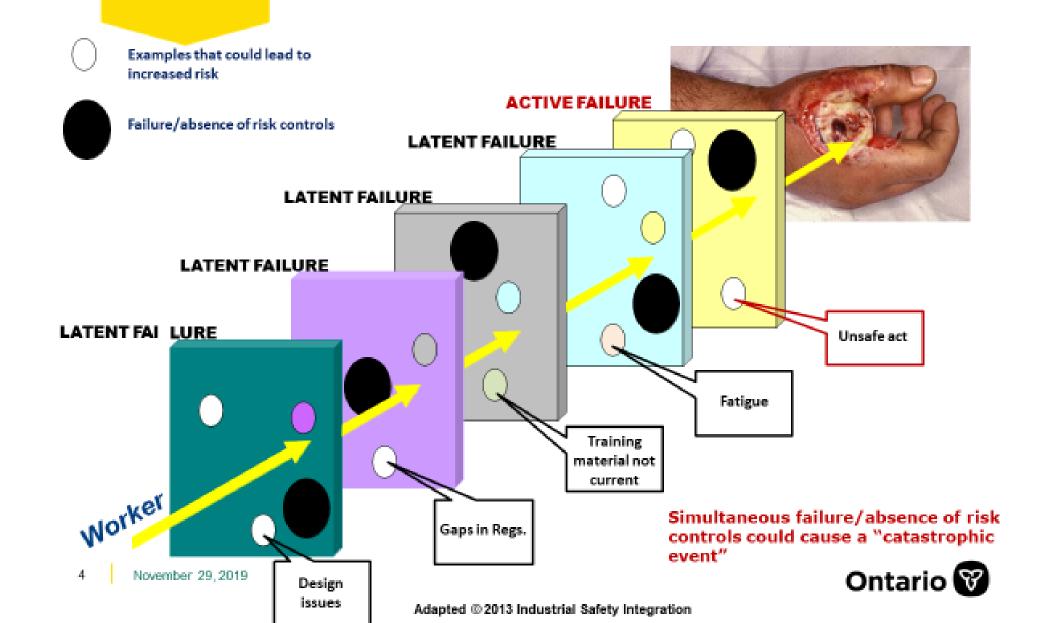
With support of the MLRC, MLTSD and WSN planned and facilitated the **Battery Electric Vehicle Risk Assessment**

- ☐ Harness collective wisdom across the sector in a tripartite process to focus the industry, health & safety associations (HSAs), and regulator on highest risks to health and safety
- Approach draws on industry, worker, HSA, and Ministry knowledge of risk and recognizes that onesize approach does not fit all
- ☐ Approach draws on empirical insights of risk management and operations research/decision



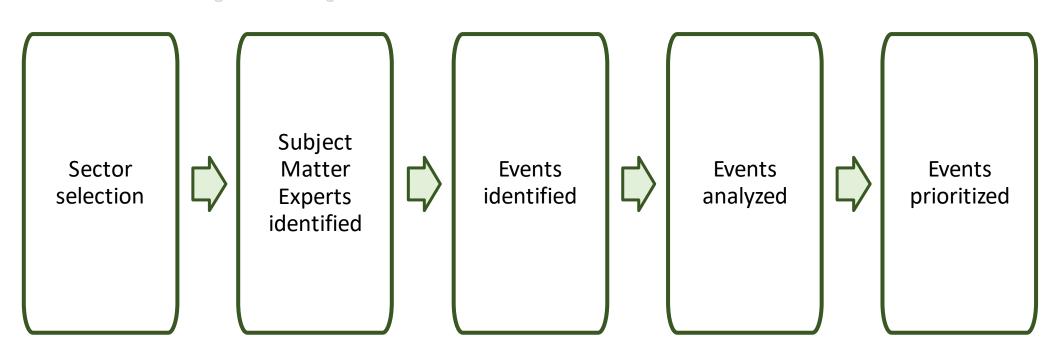
Prevention

The Swiss Cheese Model of Accident Causation



Prevention

Workshop: A Tripartite and Collective Process



Workshop: A Tripartite and Collective Process

Workshop process was open, transparent, and collaborative:

- Ensured any perspective or viewpoint was heard
- Each response received was respected and not freely edited
- Final list shared with workshop participants before the workshop
- Final workshop results reviewed/validated by industry participants

Finding acceptable solutions that all members can support:

- Only industry experts ranked the risks, not government/HSA
- Process was NOT about consensus, although the results demonstrate a significant degree of convergence



Risk Assessment Workshop: Attendees

	SUBJECT MATTER EXPERTS							
#	Name	Company/Representative						
1	Craig Allair	Vale						
2	Richard Genesse	Impala - Lac Des Iles						
3	Curtis Sarvas	Glencore						
4	Matthew Curtis	Newmont						
5	Natalie Kari	Vale						
6	Andrew Schinkel	Kirkland Lake Gold						

	WORKSHOP PARTICIPANTS							
#	Name Company/Representative							
7	Derek Budge	Mining Legislative Review Committee						
8	Malcolm Mills	Mining Legislative Review Committee						
9	Bob Barclay	MLTSD: Senior Manager, Mining						
10	Scott Secord	MLTSD: Inspector						
11	Tom Welton	Workplace Safety North: Facilitator						
12	Tiana Larocque	Workplace Safety North: Tech Support						
13	Tricia Valentim	Workplace Safety North: Tech Support						

MLTSD: Ministry of Labour, Training, and Skills Development

Worker Representation Employer Representation



Risk Assessment Workshop: Event Categories

- 1. Fire
- 2. Training
- 3. Arc flash
- 4. Explosion
- 5. Electric Shock

- 6. Collision
- 7. Ontario Mine Rescue (OMR)
- 8. Gas
- 9. Policies/procedures
- 10. Occupational health
- 11. Design

Risk Assessment: Prioritize risks

- > The purpose of this stage is to assess the level of risk and establish risk priorities
- ➤ **Risk**, which is the **average Likelihood (L)** multiplied by the **average Consequence (C)** for each event, then is categorized with respective risk ratings using the **Risk Matrix (Heat Map)**

	Almost Certain (5)	5	10	15	20	25
Q	Very Likely (4)	4	8	12	16	20
LIKELIHOOD	Likely (3)	3	6	9	12	15
5	Unlikely (2)	2	4	6	8	10
	Rare (1)	1	2	3	4	5
•		Low (1)	Minor (2)	Moderate (3)	Major (4)	Extreme (5)

Risk Matrix Result	Risk Rating
20 to 25	Critical
12 to 16	High
5 to 10	Moderate
1 to 4	Low



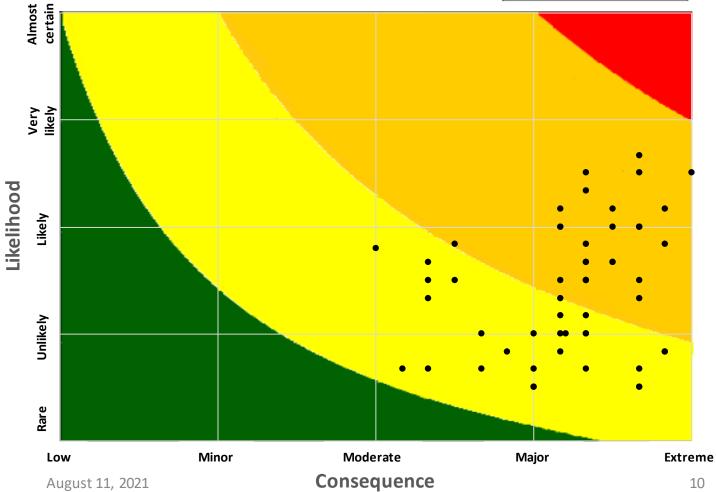
CONSEQUENCE

BEV Risk Assessment: Heat Map

CONSEQUENCE	DESCRIPTION
Extreme [5]	Fatality or Permanent Disability [or extreme impact/importance]
Major [4]	Serious Event/ Critical Injury or Critical Illness [or major impact/importance]
Moderate [3]	Temporary Disability (Lost Time): Injury/Illness [or moderate impact/importance]
Minor [2]	First Aid Treatment (No Lost Time) [or minor impact/importance]
Low [1]	No injury or Illness [or negligible impact/importance]

LIKELIHOOD	DESCRIPTION			
Almost Certain [5]	Unwanted event is almost certain to happen in the next year [or 90% or greater chance of occurrence]			
Very Likely [4]	High probability for unwanted event to occur in the next year [or between 50%-90% chance of occurrence]			
Likely [3]	It is possible for unwanted event to occur in the next year [or between 20%-50% chance of occurrence]			
Unlikely [2]	Low probability for unwanted event to occur in the next year [or between 5%-20% chance of occurrence]			
Rare [1]	Very low probability for unwanted event to occur in the next year [or less than 5% chance of occurrence]			





BEV Risk Assessment: Top 10 of 55 identified events

Rank	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?	Risk				Risk
			L	sd-L	С	sd-C	
1	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment	3.50	0.55	5.00	0.00	17.50
2	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees	3.67	0.52	4.67	0.52	17.11
3	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)	3.50	1.05	4.67	0.52	16.33
4	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation (worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)	3.17	0.98	4.83	0.41	15.31
5	Policies/ procedures	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge locations	3.50	1.05	4.33	1.21	15.17
6	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate specifications, standards, regulations - provincial)	3.33	0.52	4.33	0.82	14.44
7	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate management of change process)	3.17	0.75	4.50	0.55	14.25
8	Electric shock	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Electric shock	3.00	0.63	4.67	0.52	14.00
9	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)	3.00	0.63	4.67	0.52	14.00
10	Collision	Inability to identify presence of an oncoming vehicle while traveling in a ramp system or around corners	3.00	0.63	4.67	0.82	14.00

BEV Risk Assessment: Top 10 risk categories based on highest risk within that category

Rank	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?
1	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment
2	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees
3	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)
4	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation
		(worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)
5	Policies/	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge
	procedures	locations
6	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate specifications, standards,
		regulations - provincial)
7	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate management of change
		process)
8	Electric shock	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Electric shock
9	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to:
		Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)
10	Collision	Inability to identify presence of an oncoming vehicle while traveling in a ramp system or around
		corners

Worker vs. Workshop Results: Top 10 comparison

		Worker top 10					Workshop results	
#	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?	RISK		#	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?	RISK
1	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment	17.50		1	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment	17.50
2	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees	16.88		2	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees	17.11
3	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation (worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)	14.25		<i>†</i>	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)	16.33
4	Electric shock	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Electric shock	13.81		4	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation (worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)	15.31
5	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (MAINTENANCE)	13.81	\bigvee	f	Policies/procedures	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge locations	15.17
6	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate management of change process)	13.50	\setminus	6	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate specifications, standards, regulations - provincial)	14.44
7	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)	13.50		,	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate management of change process)	14.25
8	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)	13.50	\int	1 8	Electric shock	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Electric shock	14.00
9	Fire	Inadequate or improper fire suppression of fire extinguisher on BEVs	13.50	/ \	9	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)	14.00
10	Policies/procedures	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge locations	13.06		10	Collision	Inability to identify presence of an oncoming vehicle while traveling in a ramp system or around corners	14.00

Employer vs. Workshop Results: Top 10 comparison

		Employer top 10					Workshop results	
#	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?	RISK		#	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR What could keep you up at night?	RISK
1	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)	22.50		<u></u>	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment	17.50
2	Policies/procedures	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge locations	20.25	\searrow	f ²	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees	17.11
3	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)	17.50	$\sqrt{\ }$	3	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper live troubleshooting)	16.33
4	Collision	Personnel struck by battery electric equipment	17.50	\bigvee	X	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation (worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)	15.31
5	Collision	Inability to identify presence of an oncoming vehicle while traveling in a ramp system or around corners	17.50	/\ /	4 5	Policies/procedures	There are no standardized industry regulations with regards to BEV charge stations and charge locations	15.17
6	Training	Lack of training for maintenance employees	17.50	χ	f 6	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate specifications, standards, regulations - provincial)	14.44
7	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Improper/unclear work delineation (worker assumes authorized to perform work on traditional work experience)	17.50	$\backslash \rangle$	7	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate management of change process)	14.25
8	Fire	Inadequate or improper fire suppression of fire extinguisher on BEVs	15.75	χľ	8	Electric shock	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Electric shock	14.00
9	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Transportation)	15.75	$/\setminus$) a	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-lon based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Field repairs)	14.00
10	Arc Flash	Loss of control of a particular Li-Ion based battery chemical energy source; exposing personnel to: Thermal runaway (fire), Arc Flash, Electric shock potentials (Inadequate specifications, standards, regulations - provincial)	15.75		10	Collision	Inability to identify presence of an oncoming vehicle while traveling in a ramp system or around corners	14.00

Appendix A: Workshop Process Details

- 1. A sector is identified and defined for risk assessment
- 2. Subject matter experts (SMEs) from the selected sector are identified
- 3. Each of the selected SMEs list (identify) the situations or conditions (events) that could lead to injury or illness with appropriate evidence for each event (pre-workshop)
- 4. The lists are collected and amalgamated into one list (pre-workshop)
- The amalgamated list is sent to each SME for review (pre-workshop)
- 6. A workshop is scheduled for the analysis and prioritization of each identified event on the amalgamated (final) list
- Workshop conducted in blended face-to-face and videoconferencing format in light of necessary COVID-19
 pandemic precautionary measures.
- 8. For each identified event on the list, SMEs contribute toward a robust discussion, generating deeper objective understanding and allowing for all perspectives to be heard (comments are NOT attributed)
- 9. After each discussion for each identified event, each SME "votes" (based on identified criteria/scale) to lock in a value judgement on likelihood of the event occurring and severity of the consequence if the event was to occur
- 10. Electronic voting tools are used to make voting easy and anonymous; results on each event are instantaneous
- 11. Project manager takes results to create a risk profile/heat map for the sector
- 12. Results validation includes "smell test" by industry SMEs before releasing final results



Appendix B: Risk Assessment Processes/Standards

- 1. Bayesian Analysis
- 2. Bow-tie analysis
- 3. Brainstorming (e.g. what-if)
- 4. Business impact analysis
- 5. Cause and effect analysis
- 6. Checklists
- 7. Computer Hazard and Operability Studies (CHAZOP)
- 8. Consequence Analysis (also called Cause-Consequence Analysis)
- 9. Likelihood/Consequence matrix
- 10. Construction Hazard Assessment and Implication Review (CHAIR)
- 11. Decision tree
- 12. Delphi technique
- 13. Energy Barrier Analysis (or Energy Trace Barrier Analysis)
- 14. Environmental risk assessment
- 15. Event tree analysis
- 16. Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA)
- 17. Failure mode, effect and criticality analysis
- 18. Fault Tree Analysis
- 19. Fishbone (Ishikawa) Analysis

- 20. Hazard analysis and critical control points
- 21. Hazard and Operability studies (HAZOP)
- 22. Human reliability analysis
- 23. Job Safety Analysis (JSA)
- 24. Level of Protection Analysis (LOPA)
- 25. Markov analysis
- 26. Monte Carlo
- 27. Preliminary Hazard Analysis (PHA)
- 28. Reliability centered maintenance
- 29. Scenario analysis
- 30. Sneak circuit analysis
- 31. Structured/semi-structured interviews
- 32. SWIFT (i.e. structured what-if)
- 33. Systemic Cause Analysis Technique (SCAT)
- 34. Human Error Analysis (HEA)
- 35. Workplace Risk Assessment and Control (WRAC)

Risk Management Standards:

- 1. Risk Management Principles and Guidelines (ISO 31000:2009)
- 2. Risk Assessment Techniques (ISO/IEC 31010:2009)
- 3. OH&S Hazard Identification and Elimination and Risk Assessment and Control (CSA Z1002)
- 4. Process Safety Management (CSA Z767-17)
- 5. Enterprise Risk Management (COSO 2004)

- 6. Global Minerals Industry Risk Management (GMIRM)
- 7. International Council on Mining & Metals (ICMM)

* Not an exhaustive list



Appendix C: Contacts

For additional information or questions, please contact:

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