

Underground Mining Sector Root Cause Analysis Workshop Results and Next Steps

A focused approach to improving workplace health and safety

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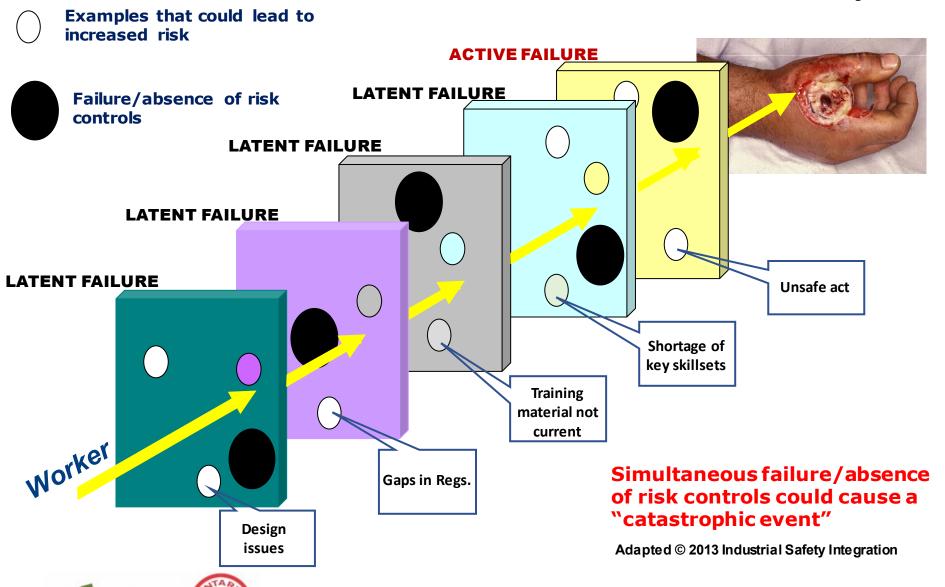
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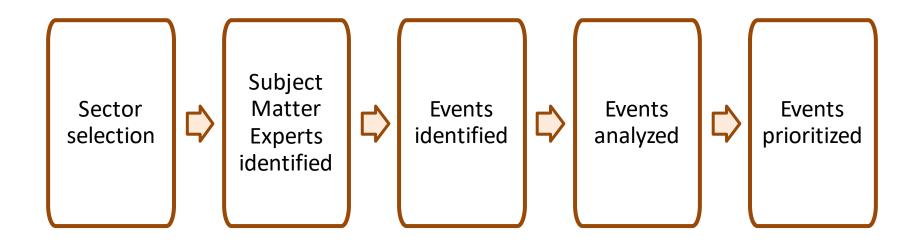
Next Steps: Proactive efforts of the Mining Legislative Review Committee (MLRC)



Risk Assessment Project



Workshop: A tripartite and collective process





Workshop: A Tripartite and Collective Process

Workshop process was open, transparent, and collaborative:

- Ensured perspectives/viewpoints were heard
- Responses were respected, not freely edited
- Final list shared with participants before workshop
- Workshop results reviewed/validated by participants

Finding acceptable solutions that all members can support:

- Only industry experts ranked the risks
- Process was NOT about consensus (although results demonstrate a significant degree of convergence)



Risk Assessment Workshop Results:

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machinery

Equipment, materials,

machinery

Fire and explosion

Musculoskeletal Disorder

Hazards

Ground Control

Occupational illness/disease

Equipment, materials,

machinery

Equipment, materials,

machinery

Occupational illness/disease

Fire and explosion

	Top 10 risk categories based on highest risk within that category				
k	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR "What could keep you up at night?"			
	Fauinment materials	Interaction with mobile equipment			

- equipment collision with other equipment (large vs small) - traffic control

or explodes underground (injuring operators, miners and/or mine rescue personnel)

Interaction with mobile equipment – collision with infrastructure (conveyors, towers, etc.)

Adoption of new technology: battery electric vehicle fires – battery electric vehicle overheats, catches fire,

	Top 10 risk categories based on highest risk within that category		
Rank	Category	Event (Situation/Condition) that could result in Injury or Illness OR "What could keep you up at night?"	

Interaction with mobile equipment and pedestrian

Ground control failure causing injury

Inadvertent contact with stored energy

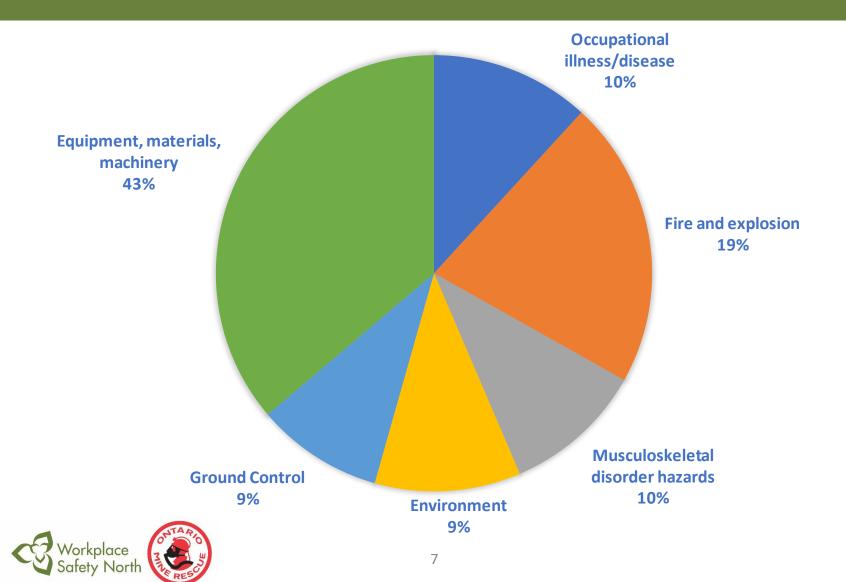
Major fire underground from mobile equipment

Exposure to airborne substances

Hearing loss

Worker suffers manual handling or repetitive strain injury

Top Underground Mining Sector Risk Categories



Analysis of Top 10 Risk Events

Contributing factors and undesired outcomes identified in the following overall ranking/categories (three factors per top five)

Rank	Risk Category	Contributing Factor	Result
1	Equipment, materials, machinery	 Larger equipment with reduced sightlines Brighter ambient lighting and equipment headlights washing out lights of oncoming vehicles Lack of collision avoidance technology 	Collision with people and other equipment
2	Fire and explosion	Autonomous equipmentSpecialized explosivesInadequate preventative maintenance programs	Injury to worker, damage to equipment, loss of process
3	Occupational disease	 Lack of or inadequate engineering or ventilation plan Mobile equipment in disrepair Inconsistent diesel emissions testing 	Injury to worker, long-term effects resulting in occupational disease
4	MSDs	 Inexperienced workforce Inadequate planning and supervision Worker shortage contributes to overloading personnel 	Injury to a worker, long-term effects of injury
5	Ground Control	 Mining at depth Mining in high-stress ground Changes in mining plan with improper risk review 	Injury to a worker, damage to equipment, loss of process



Top 10 Health and Safety Risks in Underground Mines

Interaction with mobile equipment is top risk



As identified by workers, supervisors, and employers in the Ontario mining industry through a Ministry of Labour, Immigration, Training and Skills Development-facilitated risk assessment workshop in partnership with Workplace Safety North.



1. Interaction with mobile equipment - collision with other equipment (large vs small) - traffic control



6. Exposure to airborne hazardous substances



2. Interaction with mobile equipment and pedestrian



7. Interaction with mobile equipment - collision with infrastructure (conveyors, towers, etc.)



3. Adoption of new technology: Battery electric vehicle fires or explosions injure workers or mine rescue personnel



8. Inadvertent contact with stored energy



4. Worker suffers manual handling or repetitive strain injury



9. Hearing loss



5. Ground control failure causing injury



10. Major fire underground from mobile equipment

For more information, please contact your WSN Health and Safety Specialist or visit workplacesafetynorth.ca

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Risk

assessment

infographic

health and

safety risks

underground

showing

top 10

mines

Root Cause Analysis Workshop: Participants

SUBJECT MATTER EXPERTS			WOR	KSHOP PARTICIPANTS
Name	Company/Representative	#	Name	Company/Representative
Craig Allair	Vale	11	Harsim Kalsi	Ministry of Labour, Immigration, Training & Skills Development
Nav Gill	KGHM	12	Sujoy Dey	Ministry of Labour, Immigration,

Sujoy Dey

Sam Barbuto

Robert Marin

Tom Welton

Tricia Valentim

Tiana Larocque

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Training & Skills Development

Workplace Safety North: Facilitator

Workplace Safety North: Facilitator

Workplace Safety North: Director

Workplace Safety North: Tech Support

Workplace Safety North: Tech Support

Barrick

KGHM

Newmont

Redpath

Barrick

Technica

Compass Minerals

Vale

Rick Legree

Herb Watkins

Richard Claveau

Loye Halteman

Chris Betsill

Jake Hughes

Bruno Fortin

Darren Raymond

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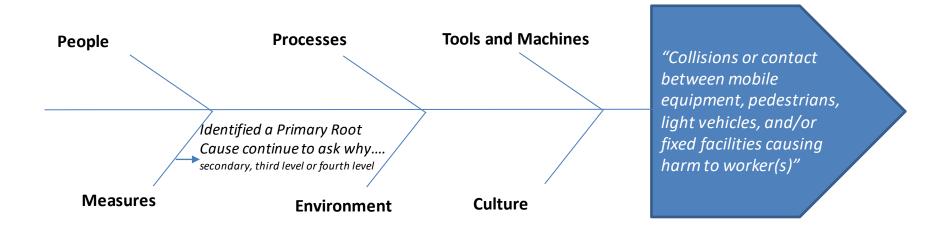
Root Cause Analysis: Risk Statement

Based on risk assessment results and further analysis, the Root Cause Analysis working group confirmed and developed the following risk statement using the "Fishbone" approach addressing

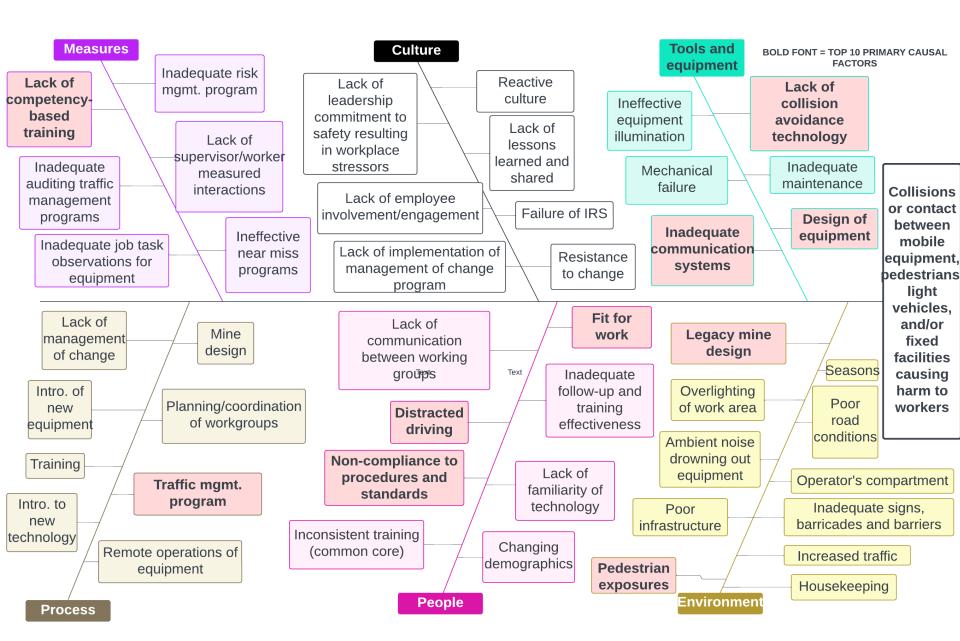
"Collisions or contact between mobile equipment, pedestrians, light vehicles, and/or fixed facilities causing harm to worker(s)."



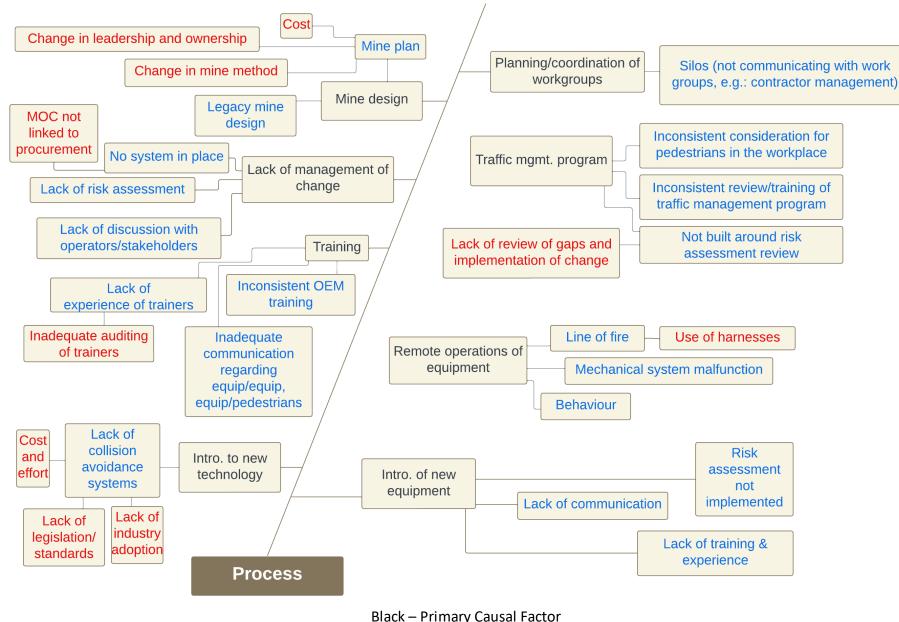
Fishbone Diagram









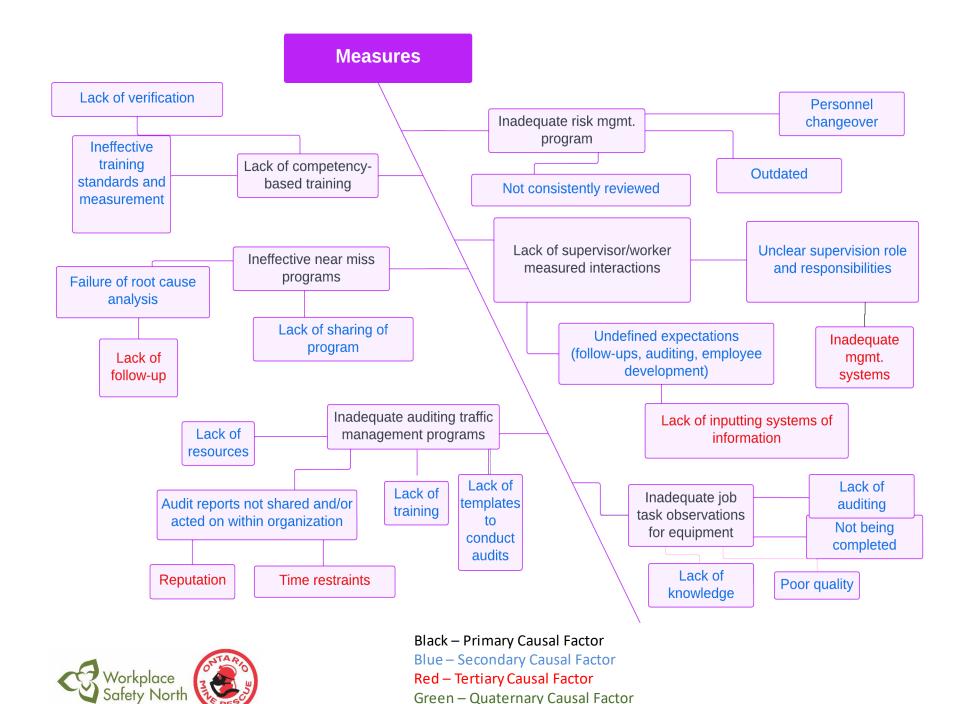


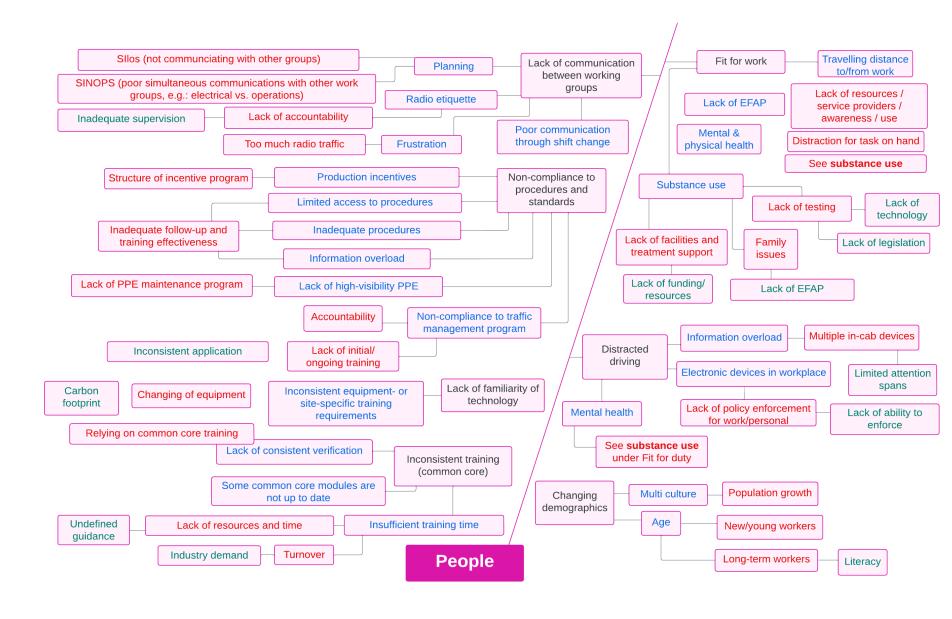


Blue – Secondary Causal Factor

Red – Tertiary Causal Factor

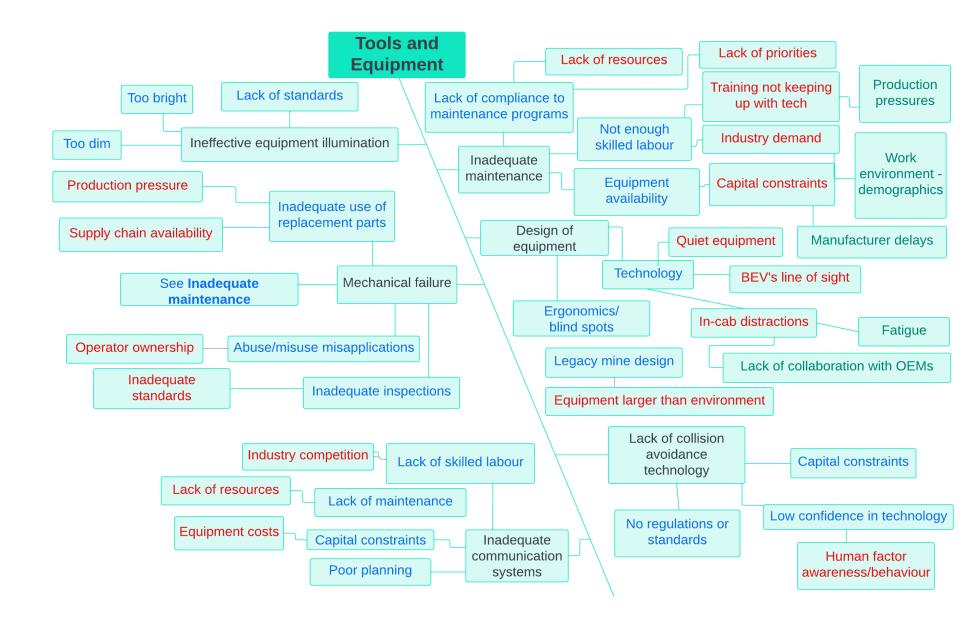
Green - Quaternary Causal Factor







Black – Primary Causal Factor
Blue – Secondary Causal Factor
Red – Tertiary Causal Factor
Green – Quaternary Causal Factor

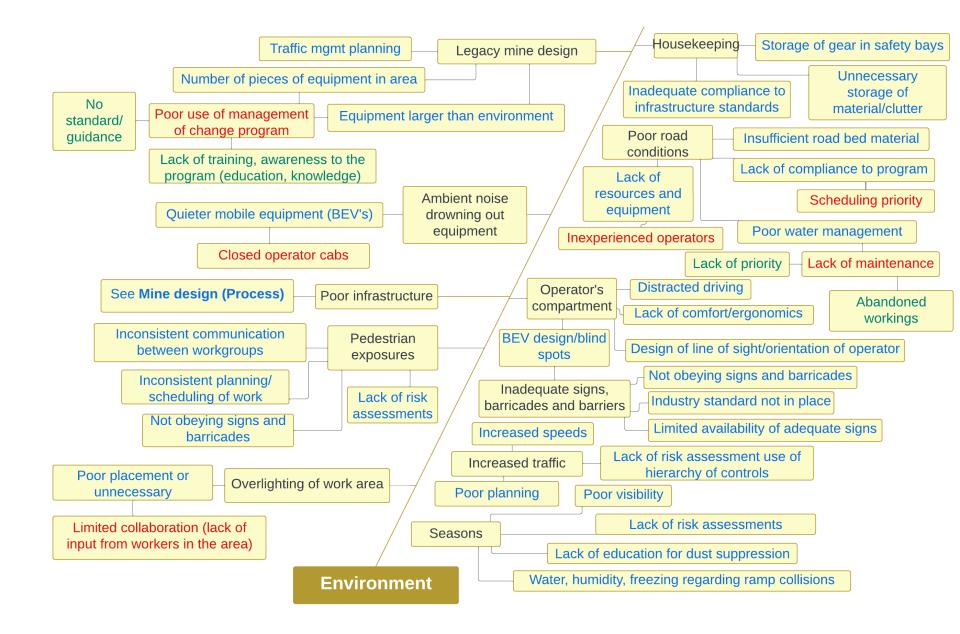




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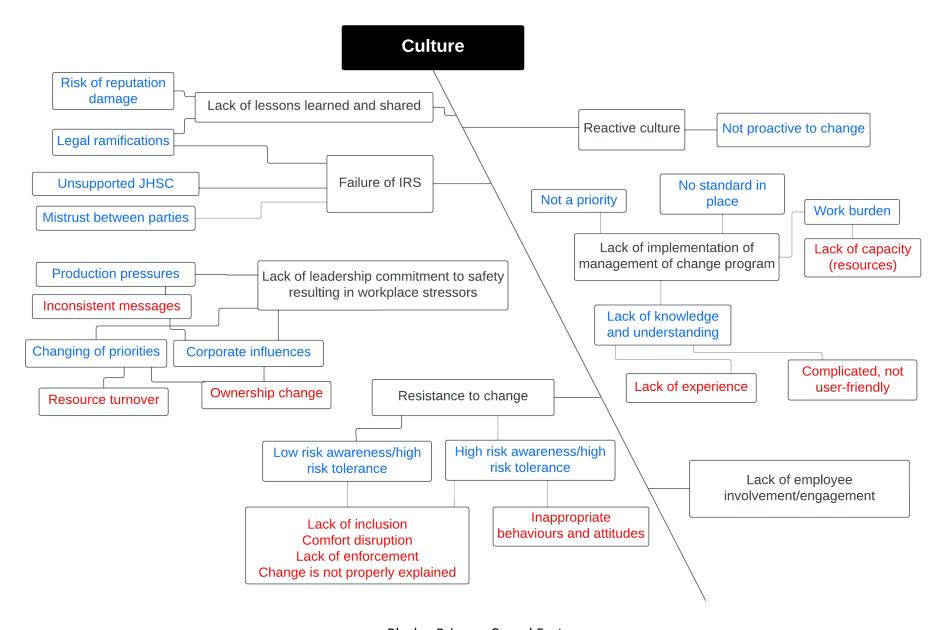




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Red – Tertiary Causal Factor

Green – Quaternary Causal Factor





Black – Primary Causal Factor

Blue – Secondary Causal Factor

Red – Tertiary Causal Factor

Green – Quaternary Causal Factor

Top Primary Causal Factors

Tools and Equipment

Tools and Equipment

Environment

People

People

Measures

5

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8

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10

Ranking	Category	Primary Root-Cause
1	Tools and Equipment	Design of equipment
2	Environment	Historic mine workings mismatched with modern equipment
3	People	Non-compliance to procedures and standards
4	Process	Ineffective traffic management program

Lack of confidence in collision avoidance technology

Pedestrian exposures to mobile equipment

Ineffective assessment of training competencies

Inadequate communication systems

Distracted driving

Fit for work



Top 10 Causes of Collisions in Underground Mines

Worker injury can be severe or fatal



As identified by workers, supervisors, and employers in the Ontario mining industry through a root cause analysis workshop in partnership with Workplace Safety North.



1. Design of equipment



6. Lack of confidence in collision avoidance technology



2. Older mine workings don't match modern equipment



7. Pedestrian exposure to mobile equipment



3. Non-compliance to procedures and standards



8. Distracted driving



4. Ineffective traffic management program



Mental and physical health (fit for duty)



5. Inadequate communication systems



10. Ineffective assessment of training competencies

For more information, please contact your WSN Health and Safety Specialist or visit workplacesafetynorth.ca







Root cause

infographic

primary causes

of collisions in

underground

analysis

showing

top 10

mines

List of Solutions and Controls for the Top Primary Root Causes

Note:

- Scope of this exercise does not include assessment of listed controls.
- List provides information on specific controls and/or activities that support a control.
- Control performance should be specific, measurable, observable, and auditable



Next Steps: What should we focus on immediately?

Based on controls identified for the Top Primary Causal Factors, it would be heneficial as a start to focus right away on the following systemic weaknesses:

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3	People	Non-compliance to procedures and standards
4	Process	Ineffective traffic management program
5	Tools and Equipment	Inadequate communication systems

Pedestrian exposures to mobile equipment

Ineffective assessment of training competencies

Distracted driving

Fit for work

Lack of confidence in collision avoidance technology

Tools and Equipment

Environment

People

People

Measures

6

10

Next Steps: Proactive efforts of the Mining Legislative Review Committee (MLRC)

- The following results will be shared with the Mining Legislative Review Committee (MLRC), and the Provincial Mining Tripartite Committee (MTC) for consideration in the development of future health and safety related supports and direction for the mining sector.
- The workshops identified primary causal factors and specific controls will assist in the establishment and in supplementing:
 - Industry leading practices
 - Knowledge of legislation and standards
 - Future development of supervisor common core training



Thank you for helping make workplaces safer

Questions?

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